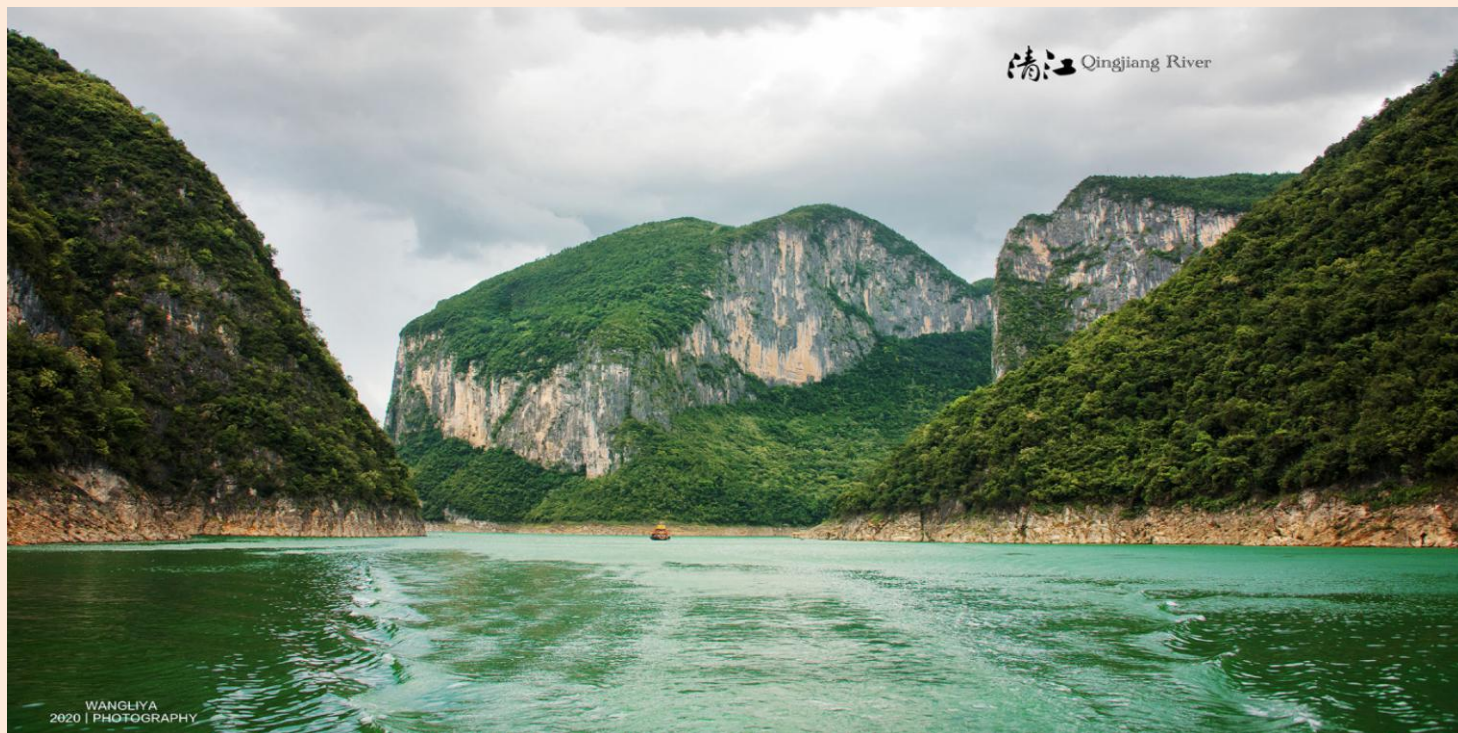


湖北深度全覽大環線 15 天

【景點：武漢·黃鶴樓·武當山·神農架·利川騰龍洞·恩施大峽谷·宜昌兩壩一峽·木蘭天池】



目的地介紹：

- ★黃鶴樓：與江西滕王閣、湖南岳陽樓齊名，並稱為“江南三大樓閣”。
- ★武當山：是道教名山和武當武術的發源地，被稱為“亘古無雙勝境，天下第一仙山”。
- ★神農架：奇麗的自然景觀，豐富的生物資源和濃厚的神秘色彩，是生態旅遊和探險旅遊的勝地。
- ★騰龍洞：屬中國已探明的最大溶洞，在世界已探明的最長洞穴中排名第七，世界特級洞穴之一。
- ★恩施大峽谷：屬長江支流清江最美麗的一段，以氣勢雄闊的絕壁險峰，稱奇於世，被專家讚譽可與美國科羅拉多大峽谷媲美。景區內天坑、地縫、絕壁、峰叢、岩柱群、溶洞、暗河等地質景觀一應俱全。
- ★三峽大壩：是長江上游段建設的大型水利工程項目，世界第一大的水電工程。
- ★赤壁古戰場：三國赤壁古戰場，赤壁之戰發生地。

【特別贈送】礦泉水無限量供應。

【行程購物】絕不安排旅遊購物商店。

——心靈與視覺的饗宴——

Hubei In-depth Overview of Grand Circle Line 15 Days

[Scenic Spots: Wuhan · Yellow Crane Tower · Wudang Mountain · Shennongjia · Lichuan Tenglong Cave · Enshi Grand Canyon · Two Dams and One Gorges · Mulan Great Lake]

Destination description:

Yellow Crane Tower: Yellow crane tower is as famous as Tengwang Pavilion in Jiangxi Province and Yueyang Pavilion in Hunan Province, they are the "three famous pavilions in Jiangnan".

Wudang Mountain: It is the birthplace of Taoist mountain and Wudang martial arts, is known as the "unparalleled scenic spot in ancient times, the first fairy mountain in the world".

Shennongjia: With fantastic natural landscape, rich biological resources and strong mysterious color, it is a resort for ecotourism and adventure tourism.

Tenglong Cave: It is the largest karst cave in China and it ranks seventh among the longest known caves in the world, one of the

world's top grade caves.

Enshi Grand Canyon: It is the most beautiful section of Qingjiang River, a tributary of the Yangtze river. It is famous for its magnificent precipitous cliffs and peak, which is praised by experts as comparable to the Grand canyon, USA. In the scenic area, sinkholes, crevices, cliffs, peak clusters, rock pillars, caves, underground rivers and other geological landscape are all readily available.

Three Gorges Dam: It is a large water conservancy project in the upper reaches of the Yangtze river, is the largest hydroelectric dam in the world.

Chibi Ancient Battlefield: The ancient battlefield of The Three Kingdoms, where the the Battle of Red Cliffs took place.

[Special gift] Unlimited supply of mineral water.

[Trip shopping] No shopping.

——Spiritual and visual feast——

簡要行程:

DAY1: 乘飞机抵达武汉天河国际机场→入住酒店	宿: 武汉
DAY2: 武汉(黄鹤楼)→(襄阳古城、襄王府)	宿: 襄阳
DAY3: 襄阳(古隆中)→武当山(玉虚宫)	宿: 武当山镇
DAY4: 武当山(紫霄宫、南岩宫、逍遥谷、太子坡)	宿: 琼台宾馆
DAY5: 武当山金顶→神农架景区	宿: 神农山庄
DAY6: 神农架·神农顶景区→建始	宿: 建始
DAY7: 野三峡景阳码头→恩施土司城·女儿城	宿: 恩施
DAY8: 恩施大峡谷→利川	宿: 利川
DAY9: 腾龙洞, 下午参观, 随后前往宜昌	宿: 宜昌
DAY10: 两坝一峡(三峡大坝、葛洲坝、西陵峡)	宿: 宜昌
DAY11: 宜昌→清江方山	宿: 宜昌
DAY12: 宜昌博物馆→三峡人家	宿: 宜昌
DAY13: 宜昌→钟祥明显陵→荆州古城外观	宿: 荆州
DAY14: 荆州→赤壁古战场→武汉	宿: 武汉
DAY15: 武汉【归元寺、大禹神话园】→乘機返程結束愉快之旅	

Brief itinerary:

Day 1: Fly to Wuhan Tianhe International Airport → Hotel Accommodation: Wuhan
Day 2: Wuhan (Yellow Crane Tower) → (Xiangyang Ancient City、King Xiang Residence) Accommodation: Xiangyang
Day 3: Xiangyang (Longzhong Scenic Area) → Wudang Mountain (Yuxu Palace) Accommodation: Wudang Mountain Town
Day 4: Wudang Mountain (Zixiao Palace、Nanyan Palace、Xiaoyao Valley、Taizi Slope) Accommodation: Qiongtai Hotel
Day 5: Wudang Mountain Jinding Peak → Shennongjia National Nature Reserve Accommodation: Shennong Mountain Villa
Day 6: Shennongjia · Shennong Peak Scenic Area Accommodation: Jianshi
Day 7: Wild Three Gorges Jingyang Dock → Enshi Tusi City · Daughter City Accommodation: Enshi
Day 8: Enshi Grand Canyon → Lichuan Accommodation: Lichuan
Day 9: Tenglong Cave, after afternoon of your visit, go to Yichang Accommodation: Yichang
Day 10: Two Dams and One Gorges (Three Gorges Dam、Gezhouba、Xiling Gorge)

Accommodation: Yichang**Day 11: Yichang → Qingjiang Fangshan****Accommodation: Yichang****Day 12: Yichang Museum → Sanxia Family****Accommodation: Yichang****Day 13: Yichang → Xianling Mausoleum of the Ming Dynasty → Jingzhou Ancient City Wall (watch from the outside)****Accommodation: Jingzhou****Day 14: Jingzhou → Chibi Ancient Battlefield → Wuhan****Accommodation: Wuhan****Day 15: Wuhan [Guiyuan Temple、Dayu Shenhua Park] → Take the flight home and end the pleasant journey****詳細行程/Detailed itinerary:****第一天：乘机抵达武汉天河國際機場→入住酒店**

武汉天河國際機場接團，乘車前往酒店，入住休息。

行進順序：（机场 27KM 酒店）

公里數及行車時間：（27KM）。柏油路。行車約 0.5 小時。

宿地海拔：武汉市 50 米

用餐：早餐*** 午餐*** 晚餐（中式合菜 50）

住宿：武汉阳光大酒店或同级（准五）

Day 1: Fly to Wuhan Tianhe International Airport → Hotel

Pick up at Wuhan Tianhe International Airport, drive to the hotel, check in hotel and have a rest.

Specific line: Airport 27KM Hotel**Kilometres and driving time: 27KM Asphalt road, driving about 0.5 hour. Residential elevation: Wuhan 50M****Dining: Breakfast *** Lunch *** Dinner (In Hotel 50)****Accommodation: Wuhan Sunshine Hotel or equivalent****第二天：武汉(黄鹤楼)→襄阳(襄阳古城、襄王府)**【**黄鹤楼**】與江西滕王閣、湖南岳陽樓齊名，並稱為“江南三大樓閣”。唐代著名詩人崔顥在此題下《登黃鶴樓》一詩，使它聞名遐邇。【**襄阳古城**】始筑于西汉高帝六年，三面环水，一面靠山，易守难攻，具有 2000 多年的历史。【**襄王府**】襄王為明仁宗朱高熾第五子朱瞻善。正統元年（西元 1436 年）王府由長沙遷移襄陽城內東南隅，重新營建，占地約 4 萬平方米，建築規模宏大，氣勢非凡。

行進順序：（酒店 15KM 黄鹤楼 325KM 襄阳）

公里數及行車時間：（340KM）。城區路+高速路。行車約 5 小時。

宿地海拔：襄阳 150 米

用餐：早餐（酒店內） 午餐（中式合菜 50） 晚餐（中式合菜 50）

住宿：襄阳富力皇冠酒店或同级（准五）

Day 2: Wuhan (Yellow Crane Tower) → (Xiangyang Ancient City, King Xiang Residence)[**Yellow Crane Tower**] Yellow crane tower is as famous as Tengwang Pavilion in Jiangxi Province and Yueyang Pavilion in Hunan Province, they are the "three famous pavilions in Jiangnan". A famous poet in Tang Dynasty, Cui Hao, he wrote 'Yellow Crane Tower', make it be well-known far and near.[**Xiangyang Ancient City**] It was built in the sixth year of emperor of the Western Han dynasty, surrounded by water on three sides and supported by mountains on one side, difficult to attack in ancient times, has a history of more than 2,000 years.[**King Xiang Residence**] The king Xiang was Zhu Zhanshan, the fifth son of Zhu Gaoxie, the emperor Renzong of Ming. In the Orthodox first year (1436 AD) the royal palace moved from Changsha to the southeast corner of Xiangyang City and was rebuilt, covering an area of about 40,000 square meters, the building is grand and imposing.**Specific line: Hotel 15KM Yellow Crane Tower 325KM Xiangyang****Kilometres and driving time: 340KM Highway + Urban Road, driving about 5 hours. Residential elevation: Xiangyang 150M****Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)****Accommodation: Xiangyang Crowne Plaza Hotel or equivalent****第三天：襄阳(古隆中)→武当山(玉虚宫)**【**古隆中**】是以諸葛亮故居為主體的文物風景區，古隆中形成已有一千七百多年的歷史。三國故事“劉備三顧茅廬”的故事就發生在這裏。【**玉虚宫**】全稱“玄天玉虚宫”，道教指玉虚為玉帝的居處。是武當山建築群中最大的宮殿之一。

行進順序: (襄陽 177KM 武當山)

公里數及行車時間: (177KM)。高速路+柏油路。行車約 5 小時。

宿地海拔: 丹江口 160 米

用餐: 早餐(酒店內) 午餐(中式合菜 50) 晚餐(中式合菜 50)

住宿: 武當山賓館同級(四星)

Day 3: Xiangyang (Longzhong Scenic Area) → Wudang Mountain (Yuxu Palace)

[Longzhong Scenic Area] It is a cultural relic scenic spot with former residence of Zhu Geliang as the main body, has a history of more than 1,700 years. The story of Three Kingdoms of "Liu Bei Three Visits to the Thatched Cottage" happened here.

[Yuxu Palace] Its full name is "Xuantian Yuxu Palace", Taoism refers to Yuxu as the residence of the Jade Emperor. It is one of the largest palaces in Wudang Mountain complex.

Specific line: Xiangyang 177KM Wudang Mountain

Kilometres and driving time: 177KM Highway + Asphalt road, driving about 5 hours. Residential elevation: Red River Valley 160M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Wudang Mountain Hotel or equivalent

第四天: 武當山(紫霄宮、南岩宮、逍遙谷、太子坡)

【紫霄宮】又名“太元紫霄宮”，是武當山保存較完整的皇家廟觀建築群。此地周圍的山巒天然形成一把二龍戲珠的寶椅，故明代永樂皇帝將之封為紫霄福地。

【南岩宮】南岩峰嶺奇峭，林木蒼翠，上接碧霄，下臨絕澗，是武當山 36 岩中最美的一處。

【逍遙穀】逍遙穀位於湖北省十堰市丹江口市的一處峽谷，因獼猴眾多而又名獼猴穀。

【太子坡】太子坡古建築群是古代建築大師們巧妙地利用山形地勢，利用陡坡開展建築的經典之作。

行車時間: 武當山景區內行車約 3 小時。

宿地海拔: 武當山 1000 米

用餐: 早餐(酒店內) 午餐(中式合菜 50) 晚餐(中式合菜 50)

住宿: 景區瓊臺賓館同級(觀景房)

Day 4: Wudang Mountain (Zixiao Palace, Nanyan Palace, Xiaoyao Valley, Taizi Slope)

[Zixiao Palace] Also known as "Taiyuan Zixiao Palace", this is a well-preserved imperial temple complex on Wudang Mountain. The surrounding mountains naturally form a treasure chair for two dragons to play with pearls, so the Yongle Emperor of the Ming dynasty blessed it as a Zixiao promised land.

[Nanyan Palace] The mountains are grotesque and steep, the trees are vigorous and green, the top is connected to the blue sky, below is face to the river and ravine, it is one of the most beautiful site of 36 sheer cliffs in Wudang Mountain.

[Xiaoyao Valley] Located in Danjiangkou City, Shiyan City, Hubei Province, the valley is also known as the macaque valley because there are large numbers of macaques.

[Taizi Slope] Taizi Slope ancient architectural complex is a classic work of ancient architects who skillfully make use of mountain-shaped terrain and steep slopes to develop architecture.

Driving time: Driving about 3 hours in Wudang Mountain Scenic Area.

Residential elevation: Wudang Mountain 1000M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Qiongtai Hotel or equivalent

第五天: 乘索道登武當山【金頂】→神農架

【金頂】是武當山的精華和象徵，建於金頂之上的金殿，是中國現存最大的銅鑄鎏金大殿，始建於明朝，殿內供奉著『真武大帝』，又稱玄天上帝的鎏金銅像。

行進順序: (武當山 236KM 神農架)

公里數及行車時間: (236KM)。柏油路。行車約 5.5 小時。

宿地海拔: 木魚鎮 1200 米

用餐: 早餐(酒店內) 午餐(中式合菜 50) 晚餐(中式合菜 50)

住宿: 神農山莊同級(四星)

Day 5: Take the cableway to Wudang Mountain [Jinding] → Shennongjia National Nature Reserve

[Jinding Peak] Is the essence of Wudang Mountain and symbol, built on the top of the golden palace, is China's largest existing bronze gilding hall, built in the Ming Dynasty, the temple is dedicated to the "Zhenwu Emperor", also known as the Xuan Tian Shang Di's gilded bronze statue.

Specific line: Wudang Mountain 236KM Shennongjia

Kilometres and driving time: 236KM Asphalt road, driving about 5.5 hours.

Residential elevation: Muyu Town 1200M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Shennong Villa or equivalent

第六天: 神農架自然保護區(神農頂)→建始

【神農頂】是國家級自然保護區，總面積約 883.6 平方公里，以保存完好的森林自然生態系統為背景，以生態多樣性為特點，體現人與自然和諧共存主主題的自然生態旅遊區，是神農架重點風景名勝區之一。

行進順序：（神農架 270KM 建始）

公里數及行車時間：（270KM）。高速路+柏油路。行車約 6 小時。

宿地海拔：建始縣 550 米

用餐：早餐（酒店內） 午餐（中式合菜 50） 晚餐（中式合菜 50）

住宿：建始茨泉大廈同級（准四）

Day 6: Shennongjia · Shennong Peak Scenic Area

[Shennongding] It is a National Nature Reserves with a total area of about 883.6 square kilometers, it is a natural ecological tourism area with well-preserved forest natural ecosystem as the background, characterized by ecological diversity, and embodying the harmonious coexistence of human and nature, it is one of the key scenic spots in Shennongjia.

Specific line: Shennongjia 270KM Jianshi

Kilometres and driving time: 270KM Highway + Asphalt road, driving about 6 hours. Residential elevation: Jianshi County 550M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Jianshi Ciquan Hotel or equivalent

第七天：建始(野三峽游船)→恩施土司城、女兒城

【野三峽】以清江景陽河峽谷及清江支流野三河下游為核心景區，其中，野三河屬全國罕見的原生態風貌保存最完美的河谷，景陽河是八百里清江最美河段。

【恩施土司城】感受土家族地區土司時期的政治、經濟和文化以及土家族古老而淳厚的民風民俗。

【恩施土家女兒城】譽為“世間男子不二心，天下女兒第一城”，體驗土家族的民風民俗以及獨特的摔碗酒風俗。

行進順序：（建始 60KM 恩施）

公里數及行車時間：（60KM）。柏油路。行車約 2 小時。

宿地海拔：恩施市 500 米

用餐：早餐（酒店內） 午餐（中式合菜 50） 晚餐（中式合菜 50）

住宿：恩施奧山雅閣同級酒店（准五）

Day 7: Jianshi (Wild Three Gorges Cruise) → Enshi Tusi City, Daughter City

[Wild Three Gorges] With the Qingjiang Jingyang River Valley, Qingjiang tributary and Wild Three Gorges downstream as the core scenic spot, Wild Three Gorges is the country's rare original ecological landscape preservation of the most perfect valley, Jingyang River is the most beautiful section of the Qingjiang river.

[Enshi Tusi City] Experience the political, economy and culture of Tusi period in Tujia minority region, as well as the ancient and honest folk customs.

[Enshi Daughter City] Known as "the men do not have disloyalty, the world's first daughter city", experience the folk customs of Tujia Minority and the unique custom of Shuaiwanjiu (a drinking ceremony).

Specific line: Jianshi 60KM Enshi

Kilometres and driving time: 60KM. Asphalt road, driving about 2 hours. Residential elevation: Enshi City 500M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Enshi Aoshan Argyle Hotel or equivalent

第八天：恩施大峽谷風景區→利川

【恩施大峽谷風景區】集雄、奇、險、峻於一體、可與美國科羅拉多相媲美，走進世界地質奇觀，喀什特地形的雲龍河地縫景區，賞一柱香、百里絕壁、千丈瀑布等美景。

行進順序：（恩施大峽谷 90KM 利川）

公里數及行車時間：（90KM）。柏油路。行車約 3 小時。

宿地海拔：利川市 1000 米

用餐：早餐（酒店內） 午餐（中式合菜 50） 晚餐（中式合菜 50）

住宿：利川麓島國際同級酒店（准四）

Day 8: Enshi Grand Canyon → Lichuan

[Enshi Grand Canyon] It is a combination of grand, strange, dangerous and precipitous comparable to Colorado in the United States, enter the geological wonders of the world, Kashit landform of the Yunlong River Land Slot Scenic Area, enjoy the One incense pillar, Long bold cliffs, Lengthy waterfalls and other beautiful scenery.

Specific line: Enshi Grand Canyon 90KM Lichuan

Kilometres and driving time: 90KM. Asphalt road, driving about 3 hours. Residential elevation: Lichuan City 1000M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Lichuan Ludao International Hotel or equivalent

第九天：利川（騰龍洞含电瓶车）→宜昌

【騰龍洞景區】系中國已探明的最大溶洞，世界特級洞穴之一，在世界已探明的最長洞穴中位列第七。騰龍洞整個洞穴群共有上下五層，其中大小支洞 300 餘個，洋洋大觀。是旅遊、探險、地質考察的理想之地。

行進順序：（利川 94KM 恩施 240KM 酒店）

公里數及行車時間：（334KM）。柏油路+高速路。行車約 6.5 小時。

宿地海拔：宜昌市 60 米

用餐：早餐（酒店內） 午餐（中式合菜 50） 晚餐（中式合菜 50）

住宿：宜昌葛洲壩賓館同級（准四）

Day 9: Lichuan (Tenglong Cave, including eco-friendly car) → Yichang

[Tenglong Cave Scenic Spot] It is the largest known cave in China, one of the world's top grade caves, and it ranks seventh among the longest known caves in the world. The whole Tenglong Cave group has five floors, among which there are more than 300 branches of different sizes, abundant and varied look. It is an ideal place for tourism, exploration and geological investigation.

Specific line: Lichuan 94KM Enshi 240KM Hotel

Kilometres and driving time: 334KM Highway + Asphalt road, driving about 6.5 hours. Residential elevation: Yichang City 60M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Yichang Gezhouba Hotel or equivalent

第十天：兩壩一峽【葛洲壩、三峽大壩、西陵峽】

【葛洲壩】譽為「萬裏長江第一壩」，是長江幹流上第一座大型水利樞紐。

【三峽大壩】是長江上游段建設的大型水利工程項目，世界第一大的水電工程。

【西陵峽】西起香溪口，東至南津關，全長 120 千米，歷史上以其航道曲折、怪石林立、灘多水急、行舟驚險而聞名，是長江三峽中最長的峽谷。沿江有巴東、秭歸、宜昌 3 座城市。也是自然風光最為優美的峽段。

行進順序：全天船遊兩壩一峽

宿地海拔：宜昌市 60 米

用餐：早餐（酒店內） 午餐（中式合菜 50） 晚餐（中式合菜 50）

住宿：宜昌葛洲壩賓館同級（准四）

Day 10: Two Dams and One Gorges (Gezhouba, Three Gorges Dam, Xiling Gorge)

[Gezhouba] Known as "the first dam in the Yangtze river", it is the first large-scale water conservancy project on the main stream of the Yangtze river.

[Three Gorges Dam] It is a large water conservancy project in the upper reaches of the Yangtze river, is the largest hydroelectric dam in the world.

[Xiling Gorge] From Xiangxi estuary in the west to Nanjin pass in the east, the whole length is 120 kilometers. In history, it is famous for its channel twists and turns, grotesque rocks stand in great numbers, numerous beaches and rapid water, and dangerous boating conditions, It is the longest gorge in the Three Gorges. Along the river there are Badong, Zigui and Yichang the three cities. It is also the most beautiful natural scenery of the gorge section.

Specific line: An all-day boat tour of two dams and one gorges

Residential elevation: Yichang City 60M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Yichang Gezhouba Hotel or equivalent

第十一天：宜昌→【清江方山】

【清江方山風景區】處於清江國家森林公園核心區，這個處於北緯 30 度線上的神秘地帶，奇峰林立，瀑布滿山，移步換景，如詩如畫，被譽為“湖北的張家界，三峽的九寨溝”。

行進順序：（酒店 66KM 清江方山 66KM 酒店）

公里數及行車時間：（132KM）。柏油路。行車約 6 小時。

宿地海拔：宜昌市 60 米

用餐：早餐（酒店內） 午餐（中式合菜 50） 晚餐（中式合菜 50）

住宿：宜昌葛洲壩賓館同級（准四）

Day 11: Yichang → [Qingjiang Fangshan]

[Qingjiang Fangshan Scenic Area] Located in the core area of Qingjiang National Forest Park, this mysterious region is located on the 30 degrees north latitude, grotesque peak are straight here, waterfalls all over the mountain, every few steps will see a different landscape, poetic and picturesque, known as "Zhangjiajie of Hubei, Jiuzhaigou of Three Gorges."

Specific line: Hotel 66KM Qingjiang Fangshan 66KM Hotel

Kilometres and driving time: 132KM Asphalt road, driving about 6 hours. Residential elevation: Yichang City 60M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Yichang Gezhouba Hotel or equivalent

第十二天:【宜昌博物館】【三峽人家】

【宜昌博物館】宜昌市的文化地標。主體建築以“歷史之窗”為理念，集巴楚歷史文化元素為一體，表現出“巴人崇虎，楚人尚鳳，虎鳳合鳴”的設計效果，形成了一個內涵豐富、極具文化特色的標誌性建築。

【三峽人家】三峽人家，依山傍水，風情如畫。

行進順序: (酒店 12KM 博物館 43KM 三峽瀑布 32KM 酒店)

公里數及行車時間: (87KM)。柏油路。行車約 2.5 小時。

宿地海拔: 宜昌市 60 米

用餐: 早餐(酒店內) 午餐(中式合菜 50) 晚餐(中式合菜 50)

住宿: 宜昌葛洲壩賓館同級(准四)

Day 12: Yichang Museum → Sanxia Family

[Yichang Museum] Cultural landmark of Yichang City. The main building is based on the concept of "window of history", integrates the historical and cultural elements of Bachu, showing the design effect of "Ba people worship tiger, Chu people worship phoenix, tiger and phoenix together in harmony", forming a landmark building with rich connotations and cultural characteristics.

[Three Gorges Family] The three gorges family, near the mountain and by the river, very picturesque.

Specific line: Hotel 12KM Museum 43KM Three Gorges waterfall 32KM Hotel

Kilometres and driving time: 87KM Asphalt road, driving about 2.5 hours.

Residential elevation: Yichang City 60M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Yichang Gezhouba Hotel or equivalent

第十三天: 宜昌→钟祥明显陵(含电瓶车)→外观荆州古城

【明顯陵】明顯陵始建於明正德十四年，由規模宏大的建築群組成，建築在山水的懷抱之中，規劃佈局和建築手法獨特，在其陵寢建築中金瓶形的外羅城、九曲禦河、龍鱗神道等都是明陵中的孤例，由瑤台相連而成啞鈴狀的兩座隱密的地下玄宮，一直被世人稱為奇觀，是建築藝術與環境美學相結合的天才傑作。

【荊州古城】始建於東漢，現城牆為清順治三年(1646年)依舊基重建，牆高近 9 米，厚約 10 米，周長 11.03 公里，東西長，南北短。城牆、城門、敵臺、堞垛等均保存較好。

行進順序: (宜昌 175KM 钟祥 140KM 荊州)

公里數及行車時間: (315KM)。高速路+柏油路。行車約 7 小時。

宿地海拔: 荊州市 30 米

用餐: 早餐(酒店內) 午餐(中式合菜 50) 晚餐(中式合菜 50)

住宿: 荊州南国温德姆酒店同級(准五)

Day 13: Yichang → Zhongxiang Xianling Mausoleum of the Ming Dynasty (including eco-friendly car) → Jingzhou Ancient City Wall (watch from the outside)

[Xianling Mausoleum of the Ming Dynasty] Built in the 14th year during the reign of Zhengde of the Ming Dynasty, Xianling Mausoleum of the Ming Dynasty is composed of large architectural complexes surrounded by mountains and water. Its layout and architecture are unique with a golden flask-shaped outer wall. The nine-bend imperial river and dragon scale road winding among the Mausoleum buildings are rare in Ming tombs. Two mysterious dumbbell-shaped underground palaces connected by towers have been hailed as a wonder - a masterpiece combining architectural art and environmental aesthetics.

[Jingzhou Ancient City] Built in the eastern Han Dynasty, the wall we see now was rebuilt on the base in the third year of the reign of Emperor Shunzhi of the Qing Dynasty (in 1646). The wall is nearly 9 meters high, 10 meters thick and 11.03 kilometers in circumference, it is long from east to west and short from north to south. The city walls, gates, enemy units and battlements are well preserved.

Specific line: Yichang 175KM Zhongxiang 140KM Jingzhou

Kilometres and driving time: 315KM Highway + Asphalt road, driving about 7 hours.

Residential elevation: Jingzhou City 30M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Jingzhou Nanguo Wyndham Hotel or equivalent

第十四天: 荊州→赤壁古戰場→武汉(楚河漢街)

【赤壁古戰場】三國赤壁之戰發生地，是我國古代“以少勝多，以弱勝強”的七大戰役中唯一尚存原貌的古戰場。

【楚河漢街】武汉市最熱鬧的步行街，主體採用民國建築風格，擁有中國最豐富的商業內容。

行進順序: (荊州 235KM 赤壁 135KM 武汉)

公里數及行車時間: (370KM)。柏油路+高速路。行車約 6 小時。

宿地海拔: 武汉市 50 米

用餐: 早餐(酒店內) 午餐(中式合菜 50) 晚餐(中式合菜 50)

住宿: 武汉阳光大酒店或同級(准五)

Day 14: Jingzhou → Chibi Ancient Battlefield → Wuhan (Chu River Han Street)

[Chibi Ancient Battlefield] Where the Three Kingdoms battle of red cliff took place, it is the ancient battlefield of "defeat the many with the few, using the weak to defeat the strong" in ancient China, is the only ancient battlefield of the seven battles that remains intact.

[Chu River Han Street] The most popular pedestrian street in Wuhan, the main body of which adopts the architectural style of the republic, has the richest commercial content in China.

Specific line: Jingzhou 235KM Chibi 135KM Wuhan

Kilometres and driving time: 370KM Highway + Asphalt road, driving about 6 hours.

Residential elevation: Wuhan City 50M

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) Lunch (Chinese dish 50) Dinner (Chinese dish 50)

Accommodation: Wuhan Sunshine Hotel or equivalent

第十五天：武汉【归元寺、大禹神话园】→乘機返程結束愉快之旅

【歸元禪寺】它始建於清朝順治十五年，終年籠罩在焚香之中。每年春節，特別是農曆正月初五，在廟裏祈福是武漢的習俗。會有很多朝聖者來這裏燒香和拜佛。最值得壹看的是歸元寺的羅漢殿的 500 金羅漢。

【大禹神話園】，這是一座以大禹神話雕塑為主題的景觀園。

之后前往武漢天河國際機場，乘機返程結束愉快之旅！

行進順序：（酒店 10KM 归元寺 5KM 大禹神话园 10KM 红楼 35KM 機場）

公里數及行車時間：（60KM）。城區路。行車約 2 小時

用餐：早餐（酒店內） 午餐***

Day 15: Wuhan [Guiyuan Temple、Dayu Shenhua Park] → Take the flight home and end the pleasant journey

[Guiyuan Temple] It was founded in the 15th year of Shunzhi period of the Qing dynasty and is shrouded in burning incense all year round. It is the custom in Wuhan to pray at the temple every spring festival, especially on the fifth day of the first lunar month. There will be a lot of pilgrims coming here to burn incense and worship the god of wealth. Especially worth seeing in the Guiyuan Temple is the 500 golden arhats of the Arhat Hall.

[Dayu Shenhua Park] This is a landscape garden with Dayu mythological sculpture as the theme.

Go to the Wuhan Tianhe International Airport and end the pleasant journey!

Specific line: Hotel 10KM Guiyuan Temple 5KM Dayu Shenhua Park 10KM Red Tower 35KM Airport

Kilometers and driving time: 60KM. Urban Road, driving about 2 hour.

Dining: Breakfast (in the hotel) lunch: ***

頌：旅途愉快！收穫滿滿！

——Have a nice trip! Full of harvest!——